### **PLAYBOOK FOR LIFE: Old Testament**

February 10 & 13, 2022

#### **PART ONE: OLD TESTAMENT STORIES**

The Old Testament is 77% of scripture, and more than 40% of Old Testament is story.

Plot: The tale of a God who is out to get back what rightfully belongs to Him.

Consider: How does this narrative fit into God's story?

How does this narrative fit into my story?

## Three Levels of an Old Testament Story:

- 1. Top: God's universal story. Genesis 1-3 humanity sins, creation falls, the world cries out for salvation; the rest of scripture tells the rest of the story.
- 2. Middle: Israel's story. Call of Abraham through restoration of God's people after exile.
- 3. Bottom: Individual's story. Abraham, Isaac, Jacob, Joseph, Moses, Joshua, Samson, Ruth, Samuel, David and list goes on!

Discover the Author's Intended Meaning (AIM)

# Seven Questions to Ask When Reading an Old Testament Story:

- 1. What kind of story? Journey, birth, judgment, romance, underdog...
- 2. Where is the setting of this story? Location...
- 3. What do we know about the main characters? Physical description, personality, etc.
- 4. What do the characters say? Nearly 50% of OT story is dialogue.
- 5. Are there repeated words or phrases?
- 6. Is irony present? Incongruences?
- 7. How does the story connect to its context? Context is king!

### **PART TWO: OLD TESTAMENT LAW**

Legal portions of Exodus, Leviticus, Numbers and Deuteronomy

Consider: Can the Old Testament law still speak today? Yes! As New Testament believers, how can we read the Old Testament Law texts accurately and apply them appropriately?

# Two Principles for Reading Old Testament Law Texts:

- 1. Remember the original audience. Israel!
  - -Gift, not a burden.

Seth Thomas | Senior Pastor

- -Compass, not a map.
- 2. Remember the theological purpose.
  - -Window... (a) What does this command tell me about the Person who gave it? (b) What clues does this command give me about what He believes to be true and important?
  - -Mirror... the law makes us aware of our deep moral failure.
  - -Picture... the law forms an outline of what Jesus would look like someday.

#### PART THREE: OLD TESTAMENT PROPHETS

17 books, Isaiah through Malachi, almost 20% of scripture.

Consider: Why do we often avoid the prophets?

## Two Reasons to Read the Old Testament Prophets:

- 1. The prophets deal with some of humanity's biggest questions.
- 2. The prophets offer us some of God's most personal answers. Perhaps if God kept a journal.

## **Six Principles for Reading the Old Testament Prophets:**

- 1. Reconstruct the setting. 760—460BC, civil war, invasion, exile
- 2. Remember the task. Prophets were called to enforce OT Law.
- 3. Pay attention to the person.
- 4. Understand the themes.
  - -"You're guilty" of idolatry, social injustice, and religious hypocrisy.
  - -"Judgment is coming."
  - -"There is still hope!"
- 5. Understand the perspective. Now, later, much later, much much later.
- 6. Understand the metaphors and symbolic language. The prophets mostly wrote in Hebrew poetry.

TAKEAWAY: Study the Playbook and help serve others.

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